OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM

FOR RESEARCH PERSONNEL EXPOSED TO ANIMALS OR ANIMAL PRODUCTS

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA



April 2024

(Revised)

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM

For Research Personnel Exposed to Animals or Animal Products Table of Contents

Introduction
Eligibility and Identification of Participants 4-6
Class Categories
Enrollment in OHP
Inclusion in the Program
Continuing Health Assessment
Records and Files
Medical Exclusion
Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses7
Employee Electing Non-participation in the Occupational Health Program
Evaluation of work-related injuries and illnesses
Reporting Injuries
Components of OHP Risk Indicators8-9
Components of the OHP for Class A Participant
Components of the OHP for Class B Participant
Components of the OHP for Class C Participant
Components of the OHP for Class D Participant
Components of the OHP for Class E Participant
Components of the OHP for Class F Participant
References 1. Additional documents and publications
Appendix
1. Summary of Occupational Health Program (Table 1)12

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM FOR RESEARCH PERSONNEL EXPOSED TO ANIMALS OR ANIMAL PRODUCTS

Purpose

The Occupational Health Program (OHP) covers individuals with potential exposure and contact with animals, body fluids, tissues, wastes, contaminated living quarters, or using infectious agents in animals. The OHP manual has been developed in accordance with the Occupational Health and Safety in the Care and Use of Research Animals document prepared by the National Research Council (NRC), the Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals 8th edition (Institute of Laboratory Animal Resources [ILAR]), the Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories, CDC•NIH, and the Biosafety Manual and Exposure Control Plan (University of South Alabama). This document reflects current information and services for those persons at risk. In addition, the OHP is described in Section E of the USA Animal Welfare Assurance.

There are times when research involves the deliberate infection of animals with biological materials capable of causing adverse effects to human health. Therefore, biohazardous research must be registered and approved for use at specific biosafety levels and by the Institutional Biosafety Committee (IBC).

Chemical hazards (includes chemotherapeutic compounds) used in animal research are overseen by the Office of Safety and Environmental Compliance (SEC). The Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) requires an acknowledgment letter from SEC stating that the Investigator has included the compound on their "chemical inventory" list. The letter provides the IACUC to ensure that the Investigator is aware of the chemical hazard safe handling and disposal requirements.

Nothing in this document intends to be **contrary** to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (FMLA) provisions or the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). Accommodations are in accordance with these acts and with the guidance of the Human Resources department. However, due to the nature of animal care and use activities, such accommodations may be difficult to achieve and still ensure the person's safety.

The USA Office of Research Compliance and Assurance administers the OHP in cooperation with the Attending Veterinarian (AV) and USA Health Industrial Medicine health provider. The USA Health Industrial Medicine provides input and oversight of medical assessments for the OHP. The Office of Research Compliance's IACUC/IBC Administrator is responsible for monitoring and documenting OHP enrollment. Personnel included in the OHP program are animal care and support staff (including maintenance personnel), IACUC investigators and protocol associates, committee members, and visitors as applicable.

OHP enrollment is of no cost to the employee. OHP charges are billed to the applicable College/Department. The IACUC Administrator can provide a fee schedule upon request.

The purpose and intent of the OHP are to help provide a safe and healthy work environment. Occupational exposure to laboratory animals, body fluids, tissues, wastes, chemical hazards, or biohazardous materials may present potential problems. Therefore, the OHP is an essential component for developing and sustaining a helpful program.

I. Eligibility and Identification of Participants- Risk Assessment

A. Class Categories

Program participants are assigned to class categories that reflect specific preventative maintenance care or medical surveillance based upon occupational exposure. The **USA Industrial Health Medicine** provider reviews the health screening questionnaire and assesses if the individual has direct or indirect exposure to animals used in research. In addition to evaluating the individuals' exposure risks, the provider may also perform a physical exam or order diagnostic tests such as titers. In addition, all participants are offered a tetanus vaccination. The healthcare provider is responsible for clearing participants based on the designated occupational activity(s). The criteria and class categories are listed in the sections below.

The OHP for personnel who work and have contact with animals in laboratory research facilities is risk-based. Evaluating the hazards, health concerns, and necessary training has led to developing a tiered, categorical method to assess risk. The risk assessment shall consider the following factors: animal contact; exposure intensity; exposure frequency; physical and biological hazards presented by the animal; hazardous properties of the agents used in the research protocols; susceptibility of the individual; occupational-health history; and hazard-control measures available.

Below is a list of the categories:

Category	Risk Indicator
A	Rodents, Rabbits, Swine and Birds
В	Dogs, Cats, Ruminants
С	Non-Human Primates
D	ABSL-3 (Animals infected w/ BSL-3agents & BSL-3 (Biologicals and/or Select Agents)
Е	Maintenance/Support Personnel/Non- affiliated IACUC members
F	Fish, Amphibians & Reptiles

B. Inclusion in the Program

All personnel at the University of Alabama who work with research animals or plan to do so may participate in the OHP. Occupational exposures include employees who feed and handle animals, clean animal cages, and are exposed to unfixed animal tissues and animal wastes and/or bodily fluids. These individuals generally include:

- Veterinary staff at the Department of Comparative Medicine (DCM)
- Animal caretakers and technicians
- Animal facility managers
- Principal Investigators on animal protocols
- Graduate students, undergraduate students, post-doctoral fellows, visiting scientific personnel, and other laboratory personnel listed on IACUC protocols.
- Unaffiliated (IACUC members)

C. Enrollment in OHP

Enrollment in the OHP occurs before the participant's contact with animals. A new employee who will handle animals, their tissues, body fluids or wastes, will complete the **Occupational Health Screening Questionnaire** form via **REDCap**. An <u>OHP REDCap User Guide</u> was developed to aid in accessing and submission of OHP questionnaires. This guide is available on the <u>Occupational Health Enrollment</u> webpage. The USA Health Industrial Medicine provider oversees the review of questionnaires. After the healthcare provider completes the assessment, a determination to clear or not provide medical clearance to work with research animals is made. If it is determined that the individual requires an in-office consultation for further assessment, the individual will be contacted to schedule an appointment. The additional evaluation may include prescribing risk-specific preventative measures, including additional tests, immunizations, or other services recommended based on the risk and health history of the enrollee. Clearance for work with animals is based on information collected from the OHP screening questionnaire and the healthcare provider's knowledge of occupational health risks the OHP is designed to mitigate.

The health questionnaire provides USA Health Industrial Medicine with the participant's medical history, including;

- General history
- Occupational exposures
- Biological hazards
- Immunization history
- Allergies

The healthcare provider communicates the status of an individual's clearance to work with animals to the IACUC Administrator and Compliance office. The IACUC Administrator is responsible for verifying that individuals listed on IACUC protocols have complied with the Occupational Health Program requirements. In addition, enrollment dates are provided to the IACUC office by email notification and documented in the **REDCap** electronic portal.

D. Triennial Review (Continuing Health Assessment)

Personnel exclusively engaged in animal research, without involvement in BSL-3/ABSL-3 activities, need to update their health status every three years after initial enrollment. They will receive an email notification through the REDCap portal, prompting them to complete the OHP Triennial Review form. The USA Health Industrial provider will review the triennial form and may authorize continued animal work or request an in-person office visit for the participant. The decision for an in-person visit or consultation rests solely with the healthcare provider and is not influenced by the IACUC or the Office of Research Compliance and Assurance.

E. Annual Reviews

Employees assigned to the BSL-3/ABSL-3 facility, responsible for managing biological agents (such as select agents) and/or working with animals, must regularly update their health status annually. Maintenance personnel entering zones where select agent research is underway also undergo yearly assessments. The procedure for filling out the Annual and Triennial review forms aligns with the guidelines outlined in section D of this manual.

F. <u>Records and Files</u>

USA Industrial Health Medicine will oversee medical records for occupational health program participants. Copies are available to a participant and their primary healthcare physician upon request. The employee's information through the **REDCap** system is protected from unauthorized or indiscriminate use of personal health information (PHI). The participant's personal health information is not shared or maintained by the IACUC office.

G. Medical Exclusion

The healthcare provider, at their discretion, may restrict clearance to work with animals. This determination is based on the risk assessment and health status of the OHP participant. Risk assessment and medical exclusion are solely at the discretion of a medical professional, not the IACUC or the Office of Research Compliance.

All reasonable efforts will be made to resolve short-term medical conditions (e.g., pregnancy) through temporary reassignments to other duties, increase the use of personal protective equipment (PPE), including respiratory protection, or medical leave of absence, if available. In cases where permanent or long-term medical conditions may happen (e.g., immunosuppression due to long-term chemotherapy, chronic illness, or severe allergies to animals), every effort will be made to accommodate the participant's non-hazardous duties or the use of specific PPE. However, other steps (including disability retirement or dismissal) may be necessary to protect the employee.

H. Electing Non-participation in the Occupational Health Program

Personnel may decline participation in OHP. To do so, they must sign a waiver documenting their refusal. The waiver request is completed via the **REDCap** electronic platform. Refusal to participate in the OHP may be grounds for disapproval of authorization to work with animals and potentially infectious materials. This request is submitted to the Attending Veterinarian (AV) for review and approval. Approval is rarely granted and only when risk is negligible. The A.V. does not access the health status of the participant.

Work-Related Injuries and Illnesses

A. Evaluation of work-related injuries and illnesses

First aid should be given immediately if an individual is injured or exposed to potential hazards while working with or around animals. On-the-job injuries and/or exposures must be reported to the supervisor on duty. The employee may be referred to the USA Health Industrial Health provider's office, University Hospital (if after-hours), or the nearest E.R. (if the injury/exposure is life-threatening). USA Health Industrial or the attending E.R. physician will arrange a referral to the kind of clinical expertise needed to manage the injured employee (e.g., exposure to infectious agents used in animals will be referred to the Infectious Disease Clinic). If human biohazardous materials are involved, personnel must meet OSHA-required medical consultation requirements specified in the OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen Standard.

B. <u>Reporting Injuries</u>

Regardless of the species, the employee **must** complete the <u>incident report form</u> as soon as possible following the accident. Incident-reporting instructions are located on the <u>Research</u> <u>Compliance and Assurance Animal Use & Care webpage</u>.

Components of the OHP for Class A Participants

Class A participants anticipate handling only rodents, birds, rabbits, swine, and/or their tissues, body fluids, or wastes.

A. Occupational Health Screening Questionnaire

Upon enrollment in the OHP, participants are required to complete an Occupational Health Screening questionnaire form. In addition, the healthcare provider may require a physical exam or titers/tests, as appropriate.

B. Tetanus Immunization

According to the Public Health Service Immunization Practices Advisory Committee (IPAC) of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), immunization with tetanus toxoid is updated. Booster doses are administered every ten (10) years or as needed during any of the following:

- [~] following the report of an injury
- ~ as needed

C. Hepatitis-B Vaccination Program

The OHP offers a <u>voluntary</u> Hepatitis-B vaccination program for all personnel handling animals. The Hepatitis-B program includes two-three (2-3) injections over six months. The vaccination is administered following the appropriate Hepatitis-B vaccine protocol by USA Industrial Health Medicine.

******While COVID-19 and Influenza vaccines are not offered by the OHP program, these vaccinations are strongly encouraged by the University and paid for through employee's health insurance.

D. Field Research

Individuals engaged in field studies or observational studies approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC) fall within this classification. Field research plays a crucial role in both teaching and research endeavors at the USA. Given that these activities commonly take place off-campus, it is important to provide supplementary details to the healthcare provider during the initial enrollment process.

Components of the OHP for Class B Participants

Class B participants anticipate handling dogs, cats, or ruminants and/or their tissues, body fluids, or wastes.

There are currently no dogs, cats, or ruminants housed/used by USA.

Components of the OHP for Class C Participants

Class C participants anticipate handling or working with nonhuman primates and/or their tissues, body fluids, or wastes.

USA does not use nor house nonhuman primates.

Components of the OHP for Class D Participants

Class D participants anticipate working with BSL-3 Agents/Select Agents and/or ABSL-3 infected agents.

Personnel participating in working with BSL-3 Biological and/or Select Agents and/or ABSL-3 Animals infected with BSL-3 agents upon in enrollment in the OHP are required to have an in-office visit and a serum collection. Class D participants are also required to update their health status on an annual basis as described section E of this manual.

Components of the OHP for Class E Participants

Class E participants do not work directly with animals but may have exposure during their regular duties.

Maintenance workers and other support staff such as non-affiliated IACUC members, complete the occupational health questionnaire for review by the healthcare provider. The level of participation is assessed on a case-by-case basis. If a potential hazard exists, the employee will be scheduled for an in-office medical evaluation.

Components of the OHP for Class F Participants

Class F participants are those who anticipate handling fish, amphibians, or reptiles.

Class F participants OHP requirements are based on the same as previously discussed Class A participants (pg. 8)

References

Additional documents and publications:

- 1. <u>Occupational Health and Safety in the Care and Use of Research Animals</u> National Academy Press, 1997
- 2. <u>Guide for the Care and Use of Laboratory Animals, 8th edition</u> National Academy Press, Washington, D.C.
- **3.** <u>Biosafety in Microbiological and Biomedical Laboratories</u> CDC•NIH, 6th Edition
- 4. <u>Biosafety Manual and the Exposure Control Plan</u> University of South Alabama.

Appendix 1

SUMMARY OF OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH PROGRAM

<u>Class</u>	<u>Health Screening</u> <u>Questionnaire</u>	<u>Physical</u> <u>Exam¹</u>	<u>Hepatitis B</u> Immunization	<u>T.B. Skin</u> <u>test (PPD)</u>	<u>Chest X-</u> <u>Ray</u> (T.B. <u>Reactors)</u>	<u>Tetanus</u>	<u>Serum Storage</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Medical Health</u> <u>Update</u>
ARodents, Swine, & Rabbits	Initial Employment		Optional			@ 10 years	N/A		Triennial
B —Dogs, Cats, & Ruminants	Initial Employment		Optional			@ 10 years	As necessary ⁶	Q-Fever titer ² Toxoplasmosis counseling ³	Triennial
C—Nonhuman Primates	Initial Employment	Pre- assignment @ 2 years	Optional	Pre- assignment Annually	Note ⁴	@ 10 years	As necessary ⁶		Biennial
D— BSL-3 or ABSL-3 workers	Initial Employment (In-office visit is REQUIRED) ⁷		Optional				Initial Employment		Annual
E—No direct animal contact (maintenance)	As warrented ⁵	As Required	Optional	As Required	As Required	N/A	N/A		N/A
F—Fish, Amphibians, & Reptiles	Initial Employment		Optional			@ 10 years	N/A		Triennial
BSL-3 or ABSL-3 workers	Initial Employment (In-office visit is REQUIRED) ⁷		Optional				Initial Employment		Annual

1. Includes medical history, examination of pertinent body systems. Additional tests are performed if indicated. T.B. testing for Class C participants only.

- 2. If working with livestock (sheep, goats, or cattle) or their waste products.
- 3. For women (up to age 45) working with cats or their waste products.
- 4. Participants with positive tuberculin tests may be excluded from nonhuman primate protocols. Chest x-rays are required at initial examination if previously positive for T.B.
- 5. The healthcare provider determines the level of risk.
- 6. Titers will be checked as necessary for classes B and C.
- 7. BSL-3 and ABSL-3 employees are required to not only complete the Initial Enrollment Health questionnaire but are also required to be seen by the health care provider.

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK